

~~SECRET~~

## FOREWORD

### 1. Purpose and Scope

The *Economic Intelligence Statistical Handbook, 1972* provides statistics on the economies of the Communist countries and selected non-Communist countries. The coverage has been expanded, new tables and graphics have been added, and the format has been revised to make possible more explicit comparisons.

In general, the data in the *Handbook* are for 1960, 1965, 1970, and 1971. A summary table is presented for the European Community, Eastern Europe, and India. The data for Mongolia, because of their scarcity, are presented in a summary table but, in general, are not included in the individual commodity or aggregative tables. The graphics are designed for use as visual aids. Footnotes have been used liberally to give definitions, exceptions, and methodology. Footnotes to the commodity tables give more detailed definitions of the data than those appearing for the commodities on the summary table.

### 2. Rounding of the Totals

The totals have been rounded, with some exceptions, to three significant digits. In general, zeros appearing after the last nonzero number following the decimal point are not significant but are used merely for consistency in presentation, and, because of rounding, components may not add to the totals shown. Totals are not presented if missing data are believed to represent a significant part of the total.

### 3. Symbols

The abbreviation *N.A. (not available)* is used when information about the existence of the data or the magnitude of the data is not available, and the abbreviation *Negl. (negligible)* is used when the magnitude of the data is less than half of the final unit employed for each table. The metric system is used throughout.

### 4. Classification of Data

The overall classification of the *Handbook* is  
~~SECRET~~ The classi-

fied data are indicated by an asterisk (\*). Tables in which all of the data are classified have been identified accordingly. *Classified data, however, frequently occur on the reverse of the page, and, therefore, caution should be exercised if pages are removed from this publication.*

### 5. Sources

The data given for the most recent years are frequently preliminary and subject to revision. The data for the Communist countries are estimates of this Office, official data from the country cited, or estimates made by other organizations. The data for the non-Communist countries are from publications of the United Nations and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), are from unclassified publications of other international organizations or individual countries, or are estimates of this Office.

### 6. Terms

Unless otherwise indicated, the term *Communist Countries* includes the USSR, the countries of Eastern Europe, China, North Korea, North Vietnam, Albania, Cuba, and Yugoslavia; the term *Eastern Europe* includes Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, and Romania. The term *NATO* includes the United States, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and West Germany. The term *European Community* includes Belgium, France, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, and West Germany. The term *developed countries* includes Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Norway, the Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, West Germany, Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United States. The term *Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development* includes Greece, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, and all the developed countries, except Liechtenstein, New Zealand, and South Africa. The term *less developed countries* includes the following non-Communist countries:

~~SECRET~~

SECRET

(1) all countries of Africa except the Republic of South Africa, (2) all countries of East Asia except Japan, (3) all countries in Latin America, and (4) all countries in the Middle East and South Asia.

As far as possible, production data for the Saar have been included in the data for West Germany for all

years, unless otherwise indicated. Totals for the country groupings may or may not include all of the countries listed above, depending on the commodity or services listed. Individual non-Communist countries listed under any of the groupings represent major producers only.

SECRET

SECRET

## FOREWORD

1. *Purpose and Scope*

The *Economic Intelligence Statistical Handbook, 1972* provides statistics on the economies of the Communist countries and selected non-Communist countries. The coverage has been expanded, new tables and graphics have been added, and the format has been revised to make possible more explicit comparisons.

In general, the data in the *Handbook* are for 1960, 1965, 1970, and 1971. A summary table is presented for the European Community, Eastern Europe, and India. The data for Mongolia, because of their scarcity, are presented in a summary table but, in general, are not included in the individual commodity or aggregative tables. The graphics are designed for use as visual aids. Footnotes have been used liberally to give definitions, exceptions, and methodology. Footnotes to the commodity tables give more detailed definitions of the data than those appearing for the commodities on the summary table.

2. *Rounding of the Totals*

The totals have been rounded, with some exceptions, to three significant digits. In general, zeros appearing after the last nonzero number following the decimal point are not significant but are used merely for consistency in presentation, and, because of rounding, components may not add to the totals shown. Totals are not presented if missing data are believed to represent a significant part of the total.

3. *Symbols*

The abbreviation *N.A.* (*not available*) is used when information about the existence of the data or the magnitude of the data is not available, and the abbreviation *Negl.* (*negligible*) is used when the magnitude of the data is less than half of the final unit employed for each table. The metric system is used throughout.

4. *Classification of Data*

The overall classification of the *Handbook* is SECRET. The classi-

fied data are indicated by an asterisk (\*). Tables in which all of the data are classified have been identified accordingly. *Classified data, however, frequently occur on the reverse of the page, and, therefore, caution should be exercised if pages are removed from this publication.*

5. *Sources*

The data given for the most recent years are frequently preliminary and subject to revision. The data for the Communist countries are estimates of this Office, official data from the country cited, or estimates made by other organizations. The data for the non-Communist countries are from publications of the United Nations and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), are from unclassified publications of other international organizations or individual countries, or are estimates of this Office.

6. *Terms*

Unless otherwise indicated, the term *Communist Countries* includes the USSR, the countries of Eastern Europe, China, North Korea, North Vietnam, Albania, Cuba, and Yugoslavia; the term *Eastern Europe* includes Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, and Romania. The term *NATO* includes the United States, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and West Germany. The term *European Community* includes Belgium, France, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, and West Germany. The term *developed countries* includes Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Norway, the Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, West Germany, Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United States. The term *Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development* includes Greece, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, and all the developed countries, except Liechtenstein, New Zealand, and South Africa. The term *less developed countries* includes the following non-Communist countries:

SECRET

xiii

SECRET

(1) all countries of Africa except the Republic of South Africa, (2) all countries of East Asia except Japan, (3) all countries in Latin America, and (4) all countries in the Middle East and South Asia.

As far as possible, production data for the Saar have been included in the data for West Germany for all

years, unless otherwise indicated. Totals for the country groupings may or may not include all of the countries listed above, depending on the commodity or services listed. Individual non-Communist countries listed under any of the groupings represent major producers only.

SECRET

SECRET

## FOREWORD

1. *Purpose and Scope*

The *Economic Intelligence Statistical Handbook, 1972* provides statistics on the economies of the Communist countries and selected non-Communist countries. The coverage has been expanded, new tables and graphics have been added, and the format has been revised to make possible more explicit comparisons.

In general, the data in the *Handbook* are for 1960, 1965, 1970, and 1971. A summary table is presented for the European Community, Eastern Europe, and India. The data for Mongolia, because of their scarcity, are presented in a summary table but, in general, are not included in the individual commodity or aggregative tables. The graphics are designed for use as visual aids. Footnotes have been used liberally to give definitions, exceptions, and methodology. Footnotes to the commodity tables give more detailed definitions of the data than those appearing for the commodities on the summary table.

2. *Rounding of the Totals*

The totals have been rounded, with some exceptions, to three significant digits. In general, zeros appearing after the last nonzero number following the decimal point are not significant but are used merely for consistency in presentation, and, because of rounding, components may not add to the totals shown. Totals are not presented if missing data are believed to represent a significant part of the total.

3. *Symbols*

The abbreviation *N.A.* (*not available*) is used when information about the existence of the data or the magnitude of the data is not available, and the abbreviation *Negl.* (*negligible*) is used when the magnitude of the data is less than half of the final unit employed for each table. The metric system is used throughout.

4. *Classification of Data*

The overall classification of the *Handbook* is  
SECRET. The classi-

fied data are indicated by an asterisk (\*). Tables in which all of the data are classified have been identified accordingly. *Classified data, however, frequently occur on the reverse of the page, and, therefore, caution should be exercised if pages are removed from this publication.*

5. *Sources*

The data given for the most recent years are frequently preliminary and subject to revision. The data for the Communist countries are estimates of this Office, official data from the country cited, or estimates made by other organizations. The data for the non-Communist countries are from publications of the United Nations and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), are from unclassified publications of other international organizations or individual countries, or are estimates of this Office.

6. *Terms*

Unless otherwise indicated, the term *Communist Countries* includes the USSR, the countries of Eastern Europe, China, North Korea, North Vietnam, Albania, Cuba, and Yugoslavia; the term *Eastern Europe* includes Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, and Romania. The term *NATO* includes the United States, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and West Germany. The term *European Community* includes Belgium, France, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, and West Germany. The term *developed countries* includes Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Norway, the Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, West Germany, Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United States. The term *Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development* includes Greece, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, and all the developed countries, except Liechtenstein, New Zealand, and South Africa. The term *less developed countries* includes the following non-Communist countries:

SECRET

SECRET

(1) all countries of Africa except the Republic of South Africa, (2) all countries of East Asia except Japan, (3) all countries in Latin America, and (4) all countries in the Middle East and South Asia.

As far as possible, production data for the Saar have been included in the data for West Germany for all

years, unless otherwise indicated. Totals for the country groupings may or may not include all of the countries listed above, depending on the commodity or services listed. Individual non-Communist countries listed under any of the groupings represent major producers only.

SECRET

SECRET

## FOREWORD

### 1. Purpose and Scope

The *Economic Intelligence Statistical Handbook, 1972* provides statistics on the economies of the Communist countries and selected non-Communist countries. The coverage has been expanded, new tables and graphics have been added, and the format has been revised to make possible more explicit comparisons.

In general, the data in the *Handbook* are for 1960, 1965, 1970, and 1971. A summary table is presented for the European Community, Eastern Europe, and India. The data for Mongolia, because of their scarcity, are presented in a summary table but, in general, are not included in the individual commodity or aggregative tables. The graphics are designed for use as visual aids. Footnotes have been used liberally to give definitions, exceptions, and methodology. Footnotes to the commodity tables give more detailed definitions of the data than those appearing for the commodities on the summary table.

### 2. Rounding of the Totals

The totals have been rounded, with some exceptions, to three significant digits. In general, zeros appearing after the last nonzero number following the decimal point are not significant but are used merely for consistency in presentation, and, because of rounding, components may not add to the totals shown. Totals are not presented if missing data are believed to represent a significant part of the total.

### 3. Symbols

The abbreviation *N.A.* (*not available*) is used when information about the existence of the data or the magnitude of the data is not available, and the abbreviation *Negl.* (*negligible*) is used when the magnitude of the data is less than half of the final unit employed for each table. The metric system is used throughout.

### 4. Classification of Data

The overall classification of the *Handbook* is  
SECRET. The classi-

fied data are indicated by an asterisk (\*). Tables in which all of the data are classified have been identified accordingly. *Classified data, however, frequently occur on the reverse of the page, and, therefore, caution should be exercised if pages are removed from this publication.*

### 5. Sources

The data given for the most recent years are frequently preliminary and subject to revision. The data for the Communist countries are estimates of this Office, official data from the country cited, or estimates made by other organizations. The data for the non-Communist countries are from publications of the United Nations and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), are from unclassified publications of other international organizations or individual countries, or are estimates of this Office.

### 6. Terms

Unless otherwise indicated, the term *Communist Countries* includes the USSR, the countries of Eastern Europe, China, North Korea, North Vietnam, Albania, Cuba, and Yugoslavia; the term *Eastern Europe* includes Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, and Romania. The term *NATO* includes the United States, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and West Germany. The term *European Community* includes Belgium, France, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, and West Germany. The term *developed countries* includes Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Norway, the Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, West Germany, Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United States. The term *Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development* includes Greece, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, and all the developed countries, except Liechtenstein, New Zealand, and South Africa. The term *less developed countries* includes the following non-Communist countries:

SECRET

(1) all countries of Africa except the Republic of South Africa, (2) all countries of East Asia except Japan, (3) all countries in Latin America, and (4) all countries in the Middle East and South Asia.

As far as possible, production data for the Saar have been included in the data for West Germany for all

years, unless otherwise indicated. Totals for the country groupings may or may not include all of the countries listed above, depending on the commodity or services listed. Individual non-Communist countries listed under any of the groupings represent major producers only.

SECRET



SECRET

## FOREWORD

### 1. Purpose and Scope

The *Economic Intelligence Statistical Handbook, 1972* provides statistics on the economies of the Communist countries and selected non-Communist countries. The coverage has been expanded, new tables and graphics have been added, and the format has been revised to make possible more explicit comparisons.

In general, the data in the *Handbook* are for 1960, 1965, 1970, and 1971. A summary table is presented for the European Community, Eastern Europe, and India. The data for Mongolia, because of their scarcity, are presented in a summary table but, in general, are not included in the individual commodity or aggregative tables. The graphics are designed for use as visual aids. Footnotes have been used liberally to give definitions, exceptions, and methodology. Footnotes to the commodity tables give more detailed definitions of the data than those appearing for the commodities on the summary table.

### 2. Rounding of the Totals

The totals have been rounded, with some exceptions, to three significant digits. In general, zeros appearing after the last nonzero number following the decimal point are not significant but are used merely for consistency in presentation, and, because of rounding, components may not add to the totals shown. Totals are not presented if missing data are believed to represent a significant part of the total.

### 3. Symbols

The abbreviation *N.A.* (*not available*) is used when information about the existence of the data or the magnitude of the data is not available, and the abbreviation *Negl.* (*negligible*) is used when the magnitude of the data is less than half of the final unit employed for each table. The metric system is used throughout.

### 4. Classification of Data

The overall classification of the *Handbook* is SECRET. The classi-

fied data are indicated by an asterisk (\*). Tables in which all of the data are classified have been identified accordingly. *Classified data, however, frequently occur on the reverse of the page, and, therefore, caution should be exercised if pages are removed from this publication.*

### 5. Sources

The data given for the most recent years are frequently preliminary and subject to revision. The data for the Communist countries are estimates of this Office, official data from the country cited, or estimates made by other organizations. The data for the non-Communist countries are from publications of the United Nations and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), are from unclassified publications of other international organizations or individual countries, or are estimates of this Office.

### 6. Terms

Unless otherwise indicated, the term *Communist Countries* includes the USSR, the countries of Eastern Europe, China, North Korea, North Vietnam, Albania, Cuba, and Yugoslavia; the term *Eastern Europe* includes Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, and Romania. The term *NATO* includes the United States, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and West Germany. The term *European Community* includes Belgium, France, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, and West Germany. The term *developed countries* includes Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Norway, the Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, West Germany, Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, South Africa, and the United States. The term *Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development* includes Greece, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, and all the developed countries, except Liechtenstein, New Zealand, and South Africa. The term *less developed countries* includes the following non-Communist countries:

SECRET

SECRET

(1) all countries of Africa except the Republic of South Africa, (2) all countries of East Asia except Japan, (3) all countries in Latin America, and (4) all countries in the Middle East and South Asia.

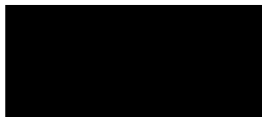
As far as possible, production data for the Saar have been included in the data for West Germany for all

years, unless otherwise indicated. Totals for the country groupings may or may not include all of the countries listed above, depending on the commodity or services listed. Individual non-Communist countries listed under any of the groupings represent major producers only.

ER H72-1

for

Only.



25X1X700